History and Current Status of SZ-South Remedy

CDM Smith Irvine office

31 January 2012

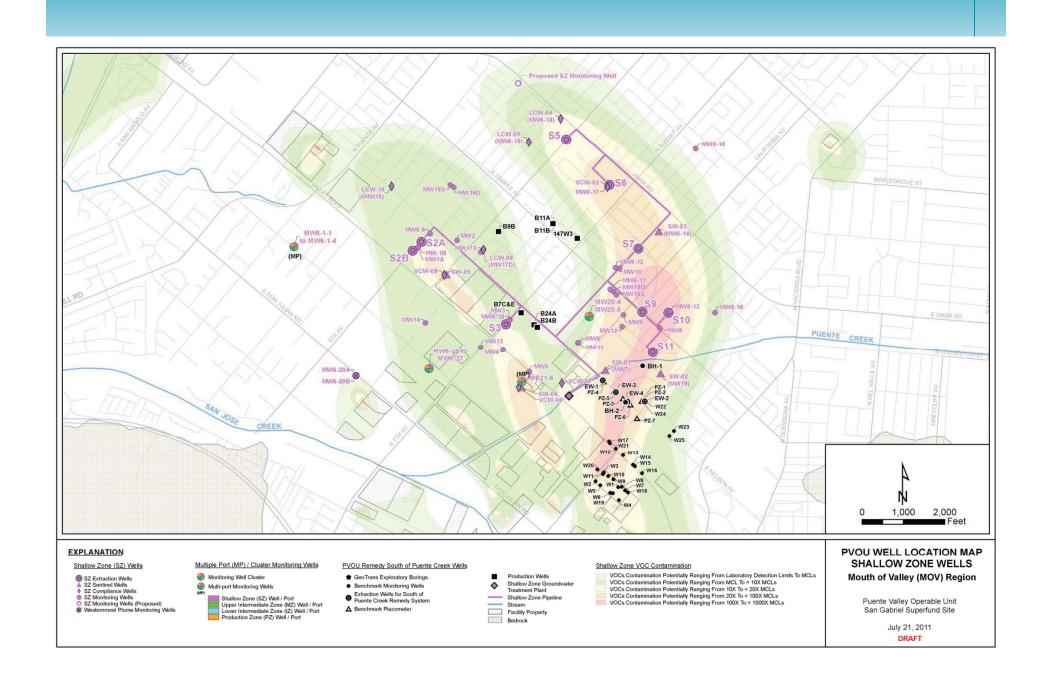


Remedial Objectives

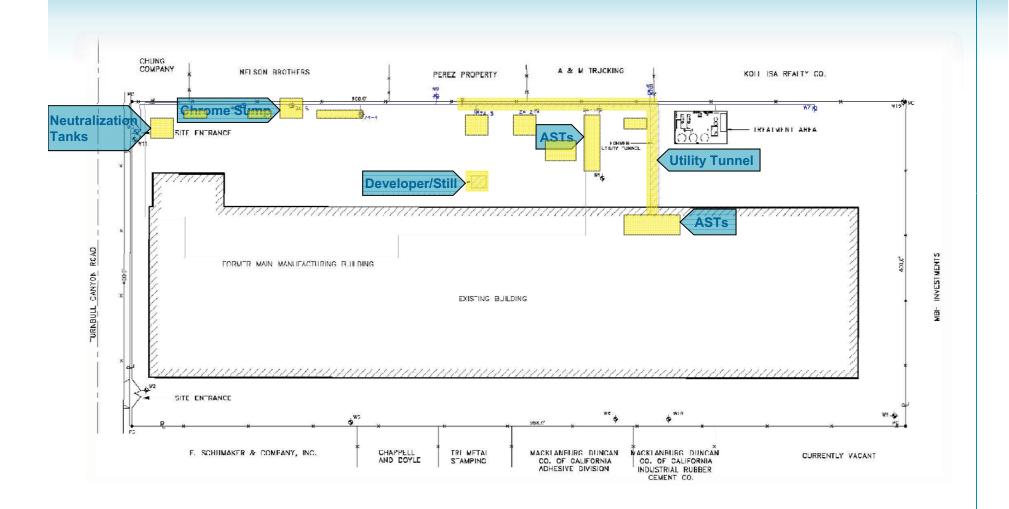
Remediate groundwater attributable to the Benchmark source areas:

- □ Impacted by volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and 1,4-dioxane
- □ Present within the Shallow Zone (SZ)
- Located between the former TRW Benchmark site and Puente Creek





Site Plan and Former Source Areas





Site Remediation History

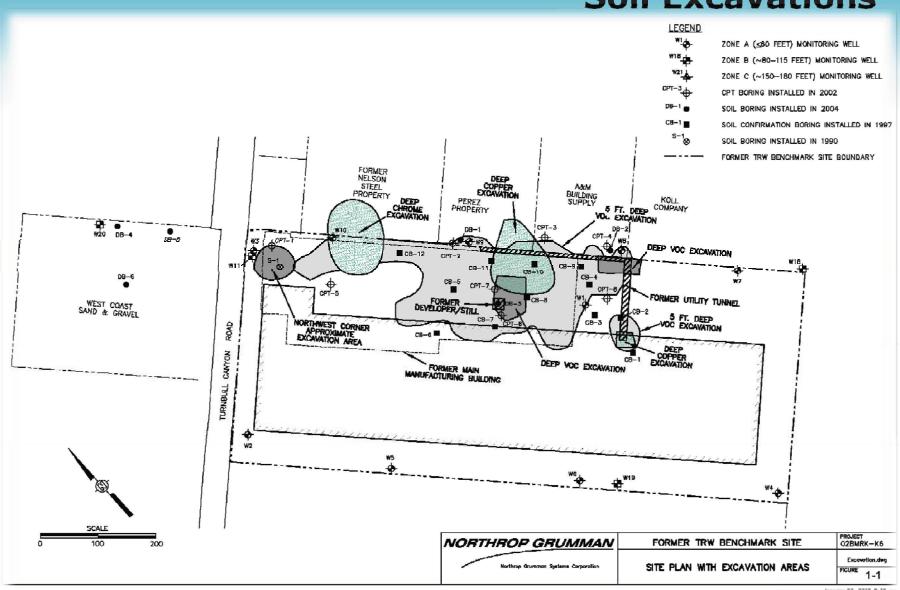
- □ 1987 to 1990 Site investigation activities
 - □ 75 soil gas probes, 100 soil borings, and 16 groundwater wells
- □ 1990 to 1992 Onsite buildings demolished and highest impacted soils excavated from 5 to 45 feet below grade
 - 2,900 cubic yards (CY) of chromium-impacted and 3,700 CY of copperimpacted soil excavated for offsite disposal
 - 14,000 CY of VOC-impacted soil excavated and treated on site for backfill and site redevelopment (4.5 months of SVE; 427 lbs removed)
- □ 1992 to 2007 In situ soil remediation (SVE)
 - 34 vapor extraction wells connected to blowers capable of extracting approximately 800 cubic feet per minute
 - RWQCB soil closure in September 1998; continued operation to remove mass exposed during varying water table
 - □ Removed approximately 9,196 lbs of VOCs
- □ 1996 to 2004 Groundwater extraction and treatment system
 - 10 extraction wells; removed approx. 40 million gallons of groundwater and 428 lbs of VOCs (2004 to 2008 operation was intermittent)

Source Area Remediation

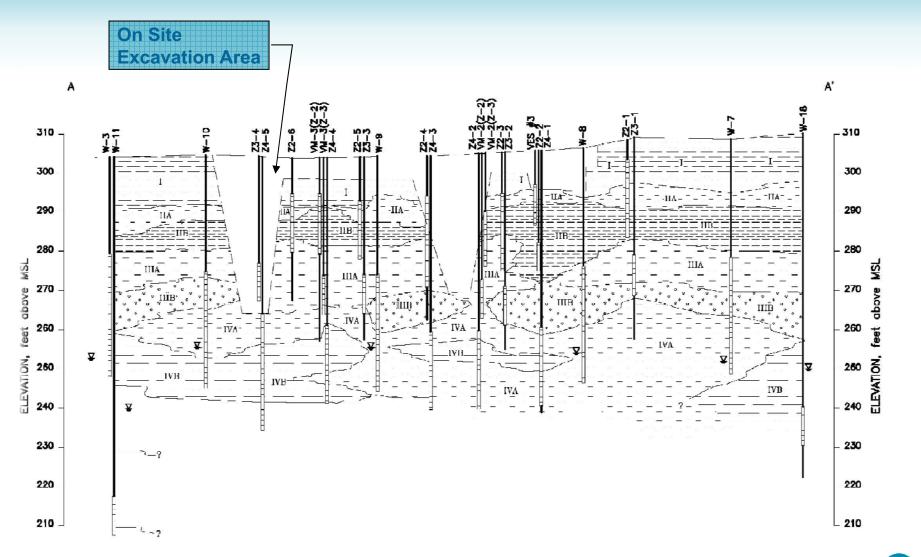




Soil Excavations



Vadose Zone Section (Excavations and SVE System)





DTSC Data Request

- □ Request No. 1 The northwest corner of Site (near entrance) where VOC contamination was removed deeper > 20' bgs. Confirmation soil samples for both lateral and vertical extent including any GW sampling done beneath contaminated areas.
 - Soil excavation in northwest corner at the location of a reported former wastewater treatment area, confirmation sampling data not available
 - □ Boring S-1 drilled at this location in early 1990 before excavation

Boring	Depth (feet below grade)	1,1,1-TCA ^(a) (μg/kg)	1,1-DCE ^(a) (μg/kg)	TCE ^(a) (µg/kg)	
S-1	15	ND	ND	ND	
	30	ND	ND	ND	
	40	ND	ND	19	

(a) 1,1,1-trichloroethane (1,1,1-TCA), 1,1-dichloroethene (1,1-DCE), and trichloroethene (TCE) reported as micrograms per kilogram (µg/kg).

 Well W3 located adjacent to the former excavation area screened from 25 to 55 feet below grade.

Well	Sample Date	1,1,1-TCA ^(a) (μg/l)	1,1-DCE (μg/l)	TCE (µg/l)		
W3	11/1/91	120,000	22,000	73,000		
	6/20/11	57	27	330		

⁽a) Reported in micrograms per liter (μg/l).

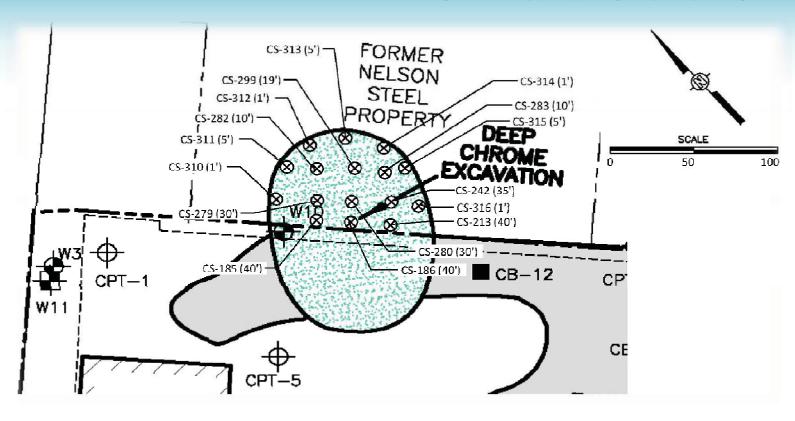


DTSC Data Request

- □ **Request No. 2** Northern boundary of Site bordering adjacent business where soil removal actions encroached/entered other properties. Soil and GW confirmation data is requested.
 - □ Soil remediation by excavation extended to northern properties to meet remediation cleanup goals in 1990 and 1991
 - □ Over 20,000 cubic yards of soil was removed
 - Soil confirmation samples were collected from sidewalls and floors of excavations.

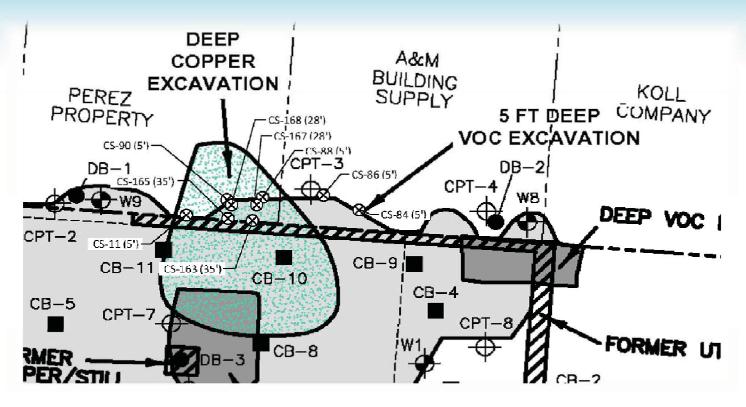


DTSC Data RequestSoil Excavations: Chromium



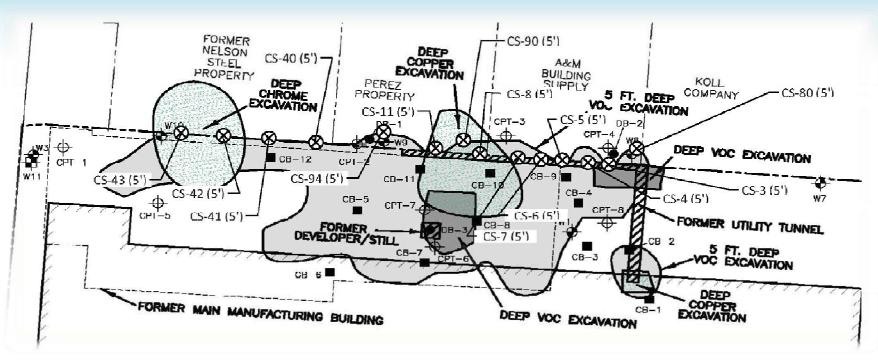
- Chromium excavation extended on to northern adjacent property to a depth of 45 feet below grade
- At least 16 samples were collected from sidewalls and floor to confirm chromium concentrations below remedial objective of 100 mg/kg.

DTSC Data RequestSoil Excavations: Copper



- □ Copper excavation extended on to northern adjacent property to a depth of 35 feet below grade
- □ Total of 13 samples were collected from 28 to 35 feet below grade to confirm copper concentrations below remedial objective of 100 mg/kg.

DTSC Data RequestSoil Excavations: VOCs



- Shallow VOC excavation extended on to northern adjacent property in two areas
- Total of 13 samples were collected along the sidewall to confirm VOC concentrations below remedial objective of 100 μg/kg.



DTSC Data Request

□ Soil vapor extraction and groundwater extraction systems were installed in 1992 and 1996, respectively, to remediate remaining impacts following excavation

□ Groundwater extraction wells were installed along the northern property boundary (W10) and on adjacent properties (W8 and

W9)

Well	Sample Date	1,1,1-TCA (µg/l)	1,1-DCE (µg/l)	TCE (µg/l)
W8	10/1/90	35,000	24,000	3,500
	6/21/11	4,500	2,300	67
W9	11/1/91	1,600	56,000	13,000
	6/21/11	19	14	3.7
W10	11/1/91	400	7,000	3,600
	6/16/11	1.6	12	29

□ Vapor monitoring points were installed in the adjacent properties (VM-5, VM-6, and VM-7).

Vapor Monitoring Well	Sample Date	1,1,1-TCA (μg/l)	1,1-DCE (μg/l)	TCE (µg/l)
VM-5	Aug 1993	ND	11.2	1.9
	June 1997	ND	ND	ND
VM-6	Aug 1993	100.0	504.6	66.1
	June 1997	ND	5.0	ND
VM-7	Aug 1993	22.2	586.7	34.1
	June 1997	ND	3.0	ND

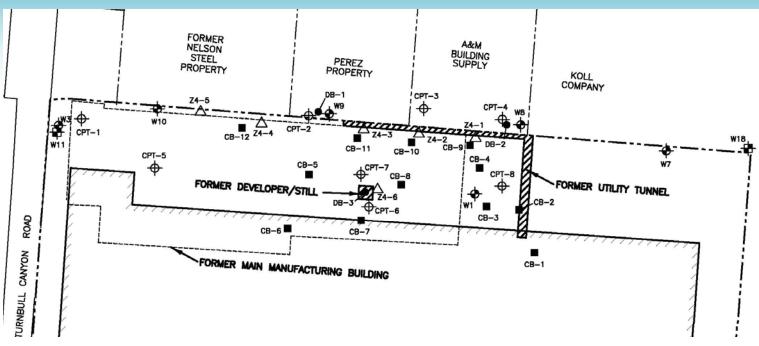


DTSC Data Request

- □ **Request No. 3** Soil boring results taken from areas beneath Benchmark showing saturated zone contamination as well as upgradient and down-gradient GW and soil matrix conditions.
 - Soil and groundwater investigations were conducted after excavation activities in 1992 and after 5 to 8 years of operation of the SVE and groundwater extraction systems
 - Soil confirmation sampling in 1997
 - Deep source area investigation in 2002
 - Deep soil boring investigation in 2004



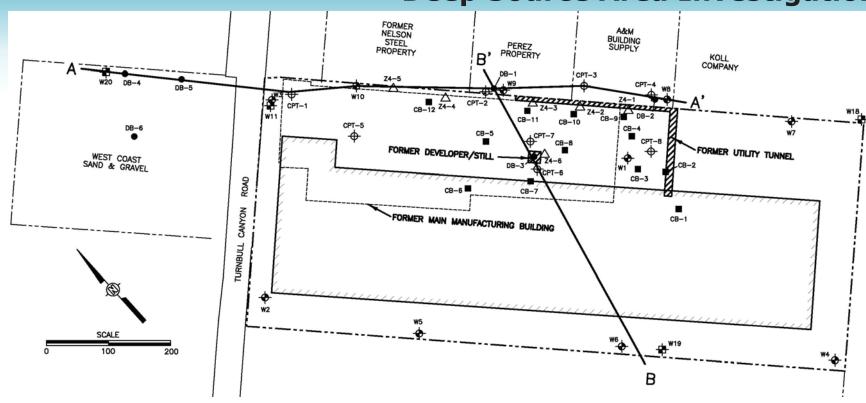
DTSC Data RequestSoil Confirmation Sampling



- □ In 1997, 12 confirmation soil borings (CB-1 to CB-12) drilled and sampled at 5-foot intervals to depths of 20 to 31 feet below grade
- VOCs concentrations were below laboratory detection limits in 29 of 31 samples analyzed
- CB-7-25 (25 feet below grade) and CB-10-20 (20 feet below grade) only samples to contain detectable TCE at 22 and 8.8 μg/kg, respectively.



DTSC Data RequestDeep Source Area Investigation



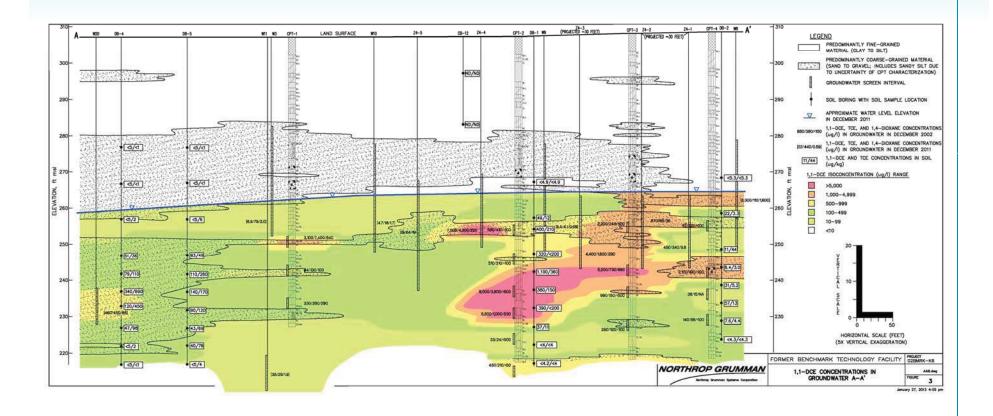
- □ Eight borings drilled with CPT in 2002 to depths of 75 to 94 feet below grade
- \Box Highest TCE concentration (7,400 μ g/l) at CPT-1, within 35 feet of well W3, at a depth of 55 to 58 feet below grade
- Highest 1,1-DCE concentration (17,000 μg/l) at CPT-6, located near former developer/still source area, at a depth of 73 to 76 feet below grade

DTSC Data Request Deep Soil Boring Investigation

- □ Six soil borings drilled using a sonic rig in 2004 to depths of 105 to 115 feet below grade to assess saturated soil impacts near former source areas and between the site and offsite well W20
- \square Highest TCE concentration (690 μ g/kg) at DB-4, adjacent to well W20, at a depth of 70 feet below grade
- Concentrations were lower at DB-5 and DB-6 located between DB-4 and the site
- Highest 1,1-DCE concentration (1,600 µg/kg) at DB-3, located near former developer/still source area, at a depth of 75 feet below grade.

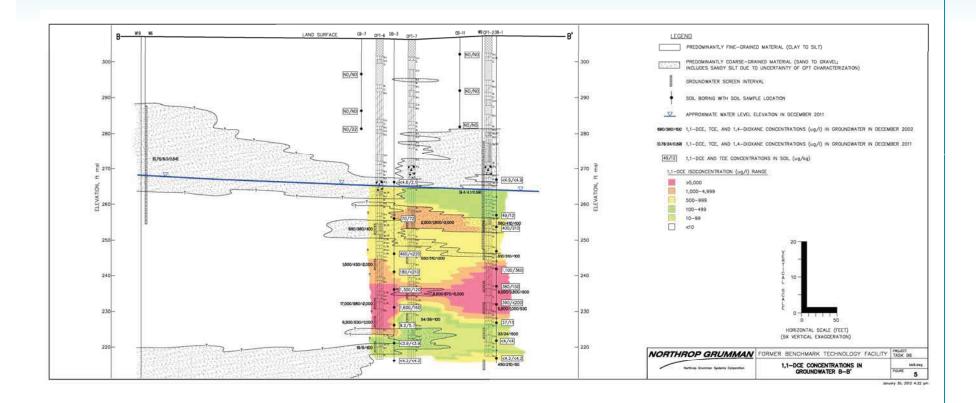


DTSC Data RequestDeep Source Area Investigation





DTSC Data Request Deep Source Area Investigation





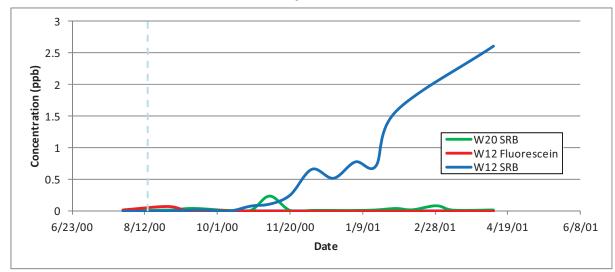
DTSC Data Request

- □ **Request No. 4** The Utility Tunnel was a known source area of VOCs and 1,4-dioxane yet there was not a lot of information available to determine which remedial actions were taken to eliminate this source. Please include all GW and soil matrix data.
 - The former utility tunnel was removed during demolition activities in 1990 and soil with individual VOC concentrations greater than 1,000 μg/kg were excavated to a depth of 14 to 15 feet below grade in 1991
 - $\hfill\Box$ Total of 10 confirmation samples were collected and all contained less than 1,000 $\mu g/kg$ of any individual VOC
 - Remaining VOC-impacted soil remediated by SVE system which included 30 vertical and 4 horizontal extraction wells within and around the utility tunnel
 - Groundwater beneath the utility tunnel was remediated by a groundwater extraction system.



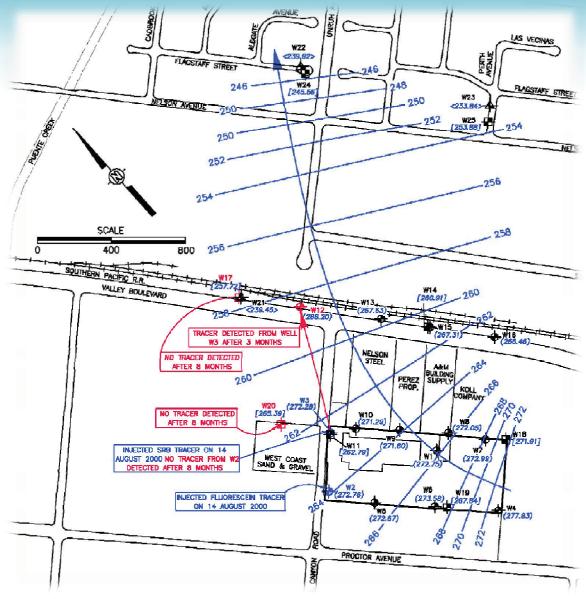
DTSC Data Request

- □ **Request No. 5** Information on tracer tests conducted at various Benchmark wells to help determine flow regimes beneath the Site.
 - From August 2000 to April 2001, a dye tracer test was performed to evaluate groundwater flow paths in the western area of the site
 - Dye tracer injected in wells W2 and W3 and monitored in wells W3, W12, W17, and W20
 - Dye tracer from W3 detected in well W12, roughly 700 feet downgradient, after 98 days
 - Dye tracer not detected in any other wells.

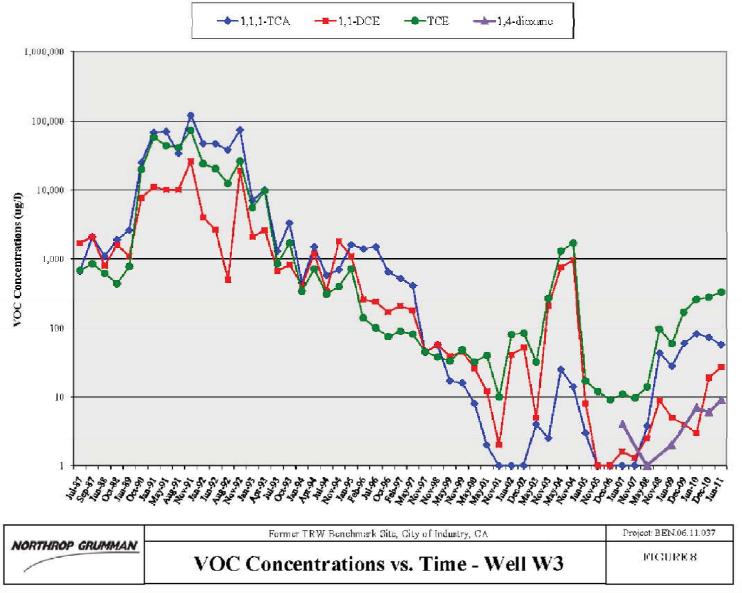




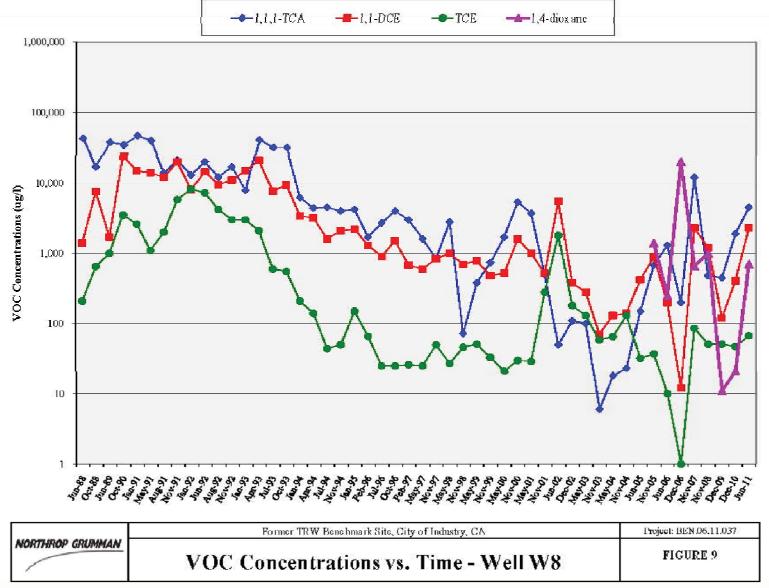
DTSC Data RequestDye Tracer





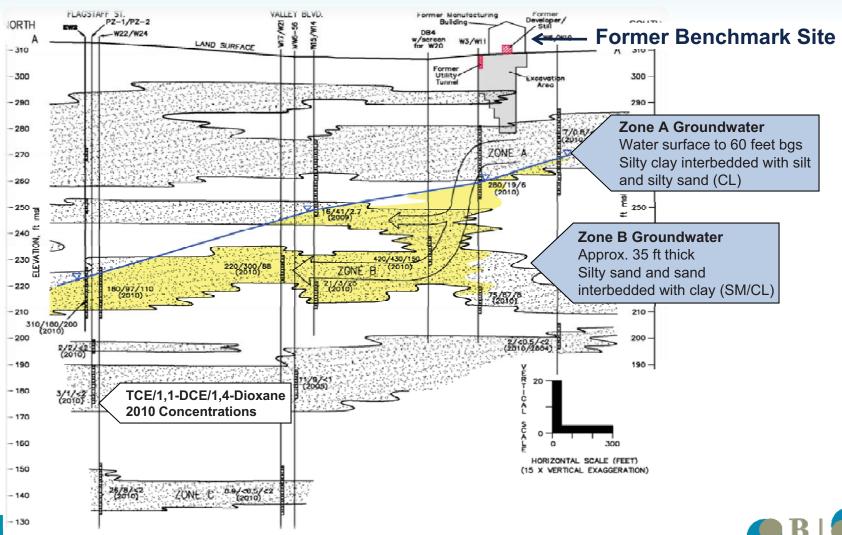








Site Conceptual Model Generalized Geologic Cross Section



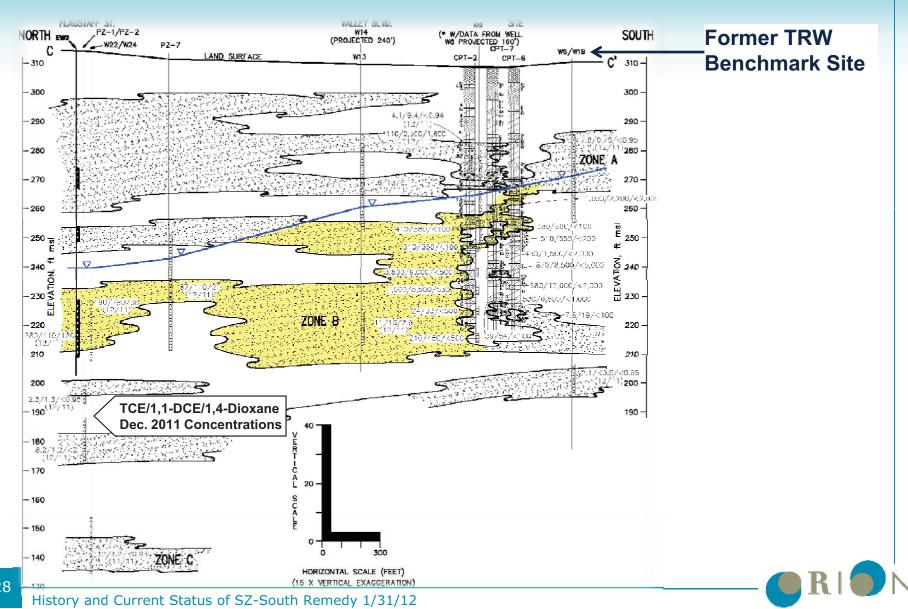


W20 / Acorn Engineering

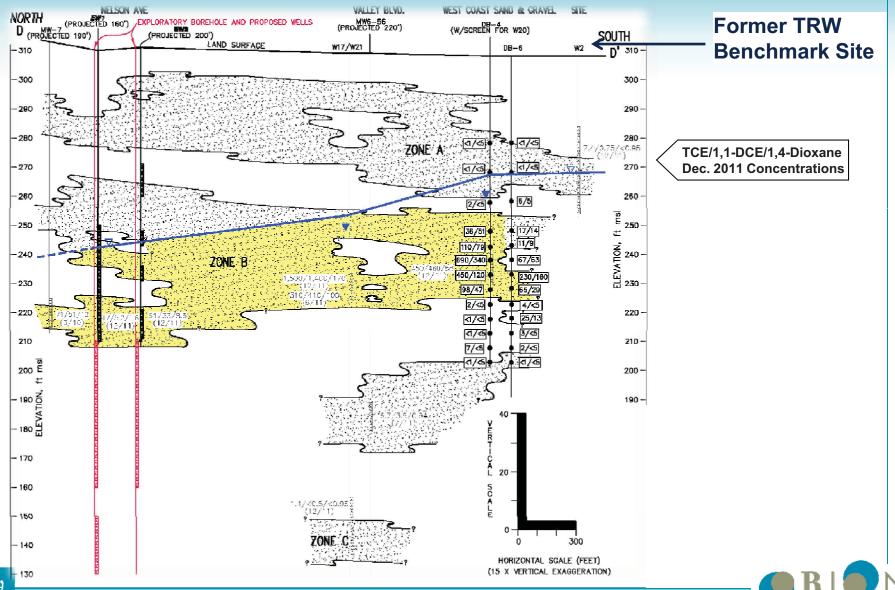




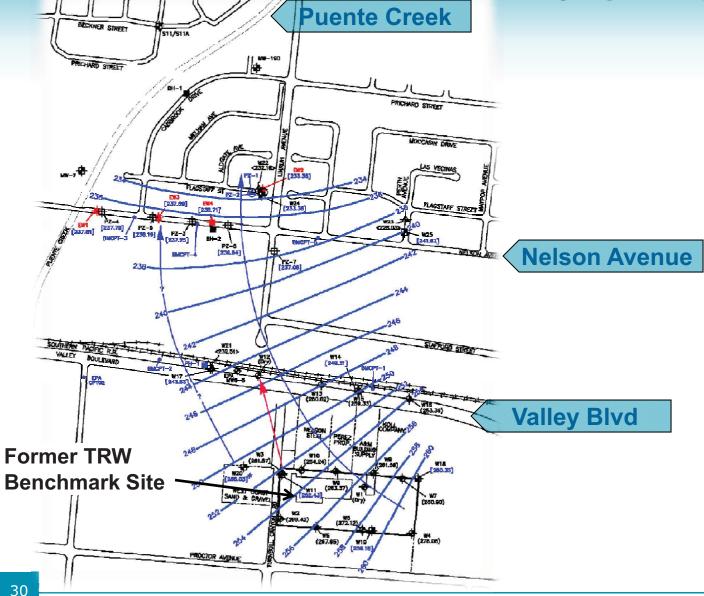
Updated Geologic Cross Section W6/W19 to W22/W24



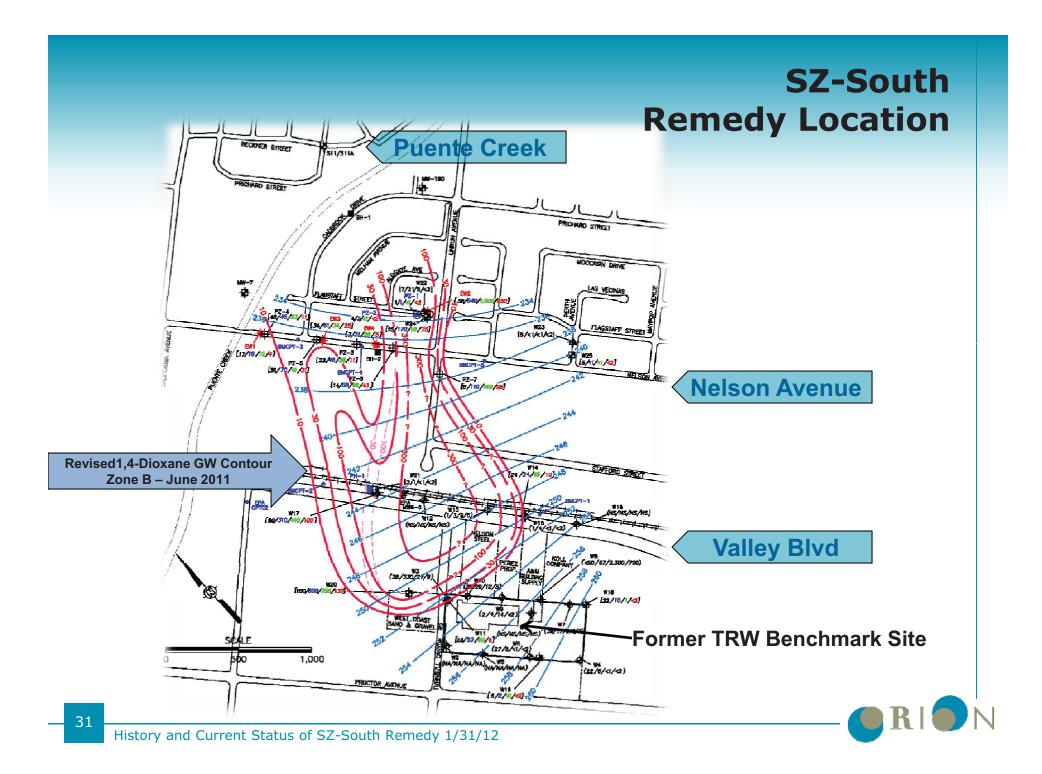
Updated Geologic Cross Section W2 to MW-7



Potentiometric Surface Map Zone B - June 2011

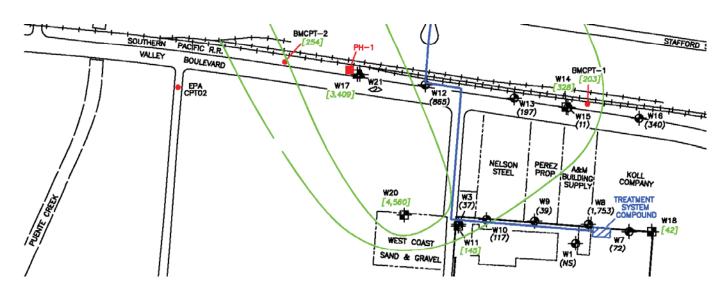






Valley Boulevard Investigation (2005)

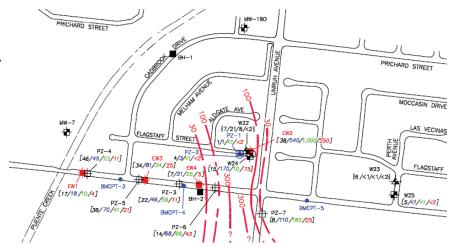
- □ Drilled borings to confirm lithology and design extraction wells
- Verified extent of Benchmark plume along Valley Blvd
- Performed short-duration well yield tests and determined that wells along Valley Blvd. screened in impacted interval were not capable of sustaining GW extraction system (less than 5 gpm)





Vertical Assessment on Flagstaff (2006)

□ Installed piezometers PZ-1 and PZ-2 in Flagstaff adjacent to wells W22 and W24 to delineate vertical impacts

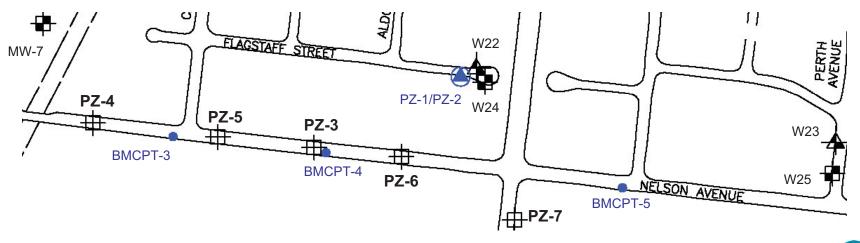


	Screen Interval	TCE	1,1-DCE	1,4-Dioxane		
Well	(feet)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)		
W24	85 to 105	250	400	110		
PZ-1	116 to 121	1.9	1.7	ND<2		
PZ-2	125 to 140	3.8	0.5	ND<2		
W22	160 to 180	7.1	2.2	ND<2		



Nelson Ave. Investigation (2006)

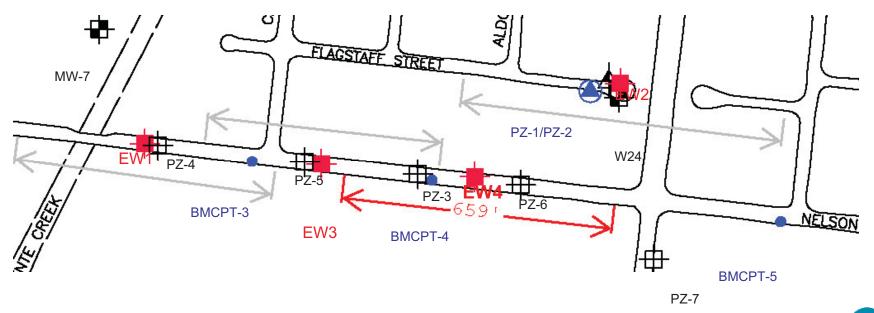
Well / Boring	Sam ple Date	PCE (μg/l)	TCE (μg/l)	1,1,1-TCA (μg/l)	1,1-DCE (μg/l)	cis-1,2-DCE (μg/l)	trans-1,2-DCE (μg/l)	Vinyl Chloride (μg/l)	1,1-DCA (μg/l)	1,4-Dioxane (µg/I)
EPA MW-7	5/10/2006	85	120	ND<5	100	25	ND<5	ND<5	9	9
PZ-4	7/6/2006	43	24	ND<0.5	9	8	ND<0.5	ND<1	1	NA
BMCPT-3	3/27/2006	18	36	ND<0.5	36	13	ND<0.5	ND<1	5	15
PZ-5	7/21/2006	64	67	ND<0.5	55	13	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	4	16
PZ-3	6/8/2006	14	44	ND<0.5	50	3	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	4	28
BMCPT-4	3/27/2006	15	230	1	540	32	1	ND<1	74	200
PZ-6	7/21/2006	30	130	2	160	11	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	17	46
W24	12/13/2006	16	250	ND<2.5	430	8.2	ND<2.5	ND<5	36	110
PZ-7	7/21/2006	11	190	ND<0.5	360	4	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	17	59
BMCPT-5	3/28/2006	1	5	ND<0.5	8	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<1	1	ND<3.5
W25	6/8/2006	12	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<2





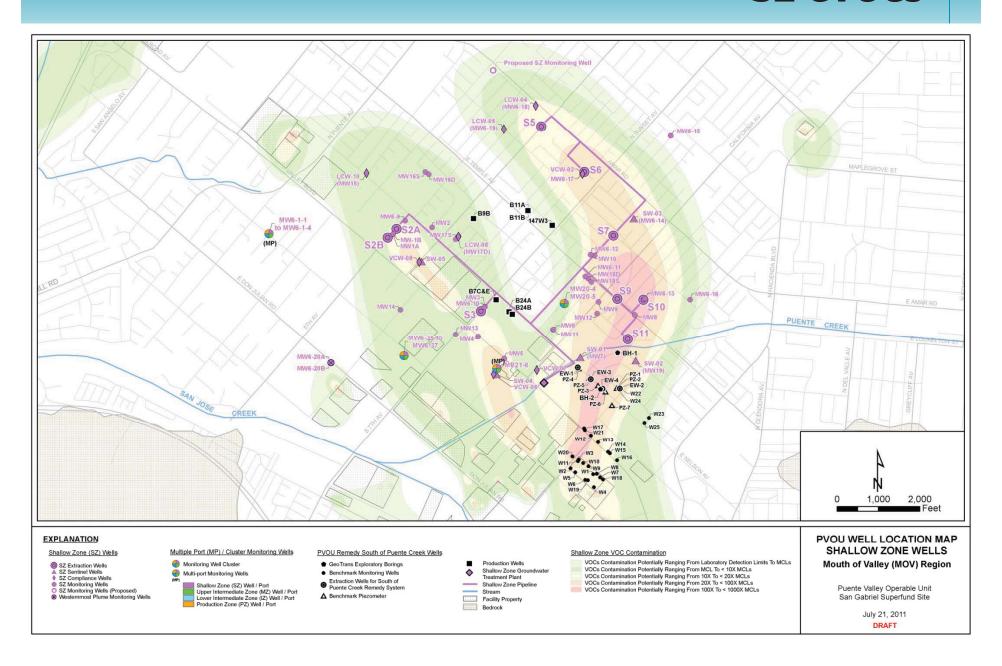
Extraction Well Installation

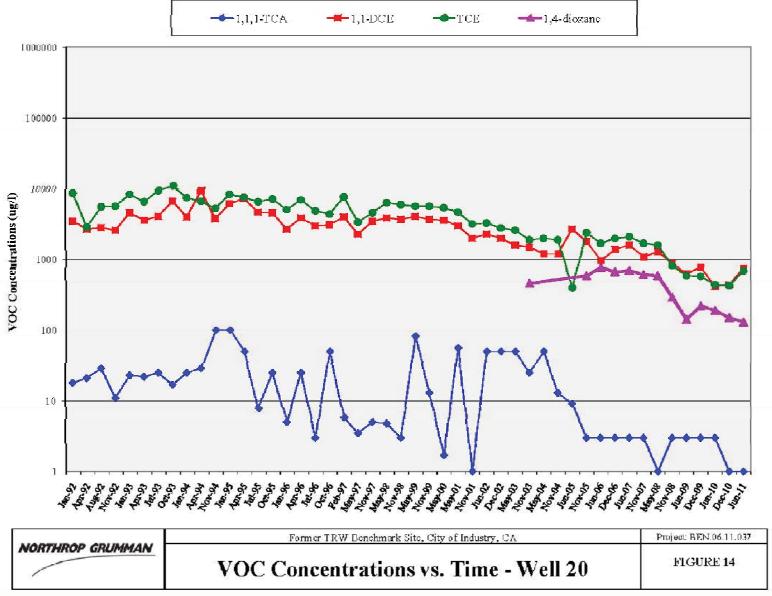
- □ Step-drawdown Tests
 - □ EW1 60 gpm
 - □ EW2 80 gpm
 - □ EW3 40 gpm
 - □ EW4 20 gpm

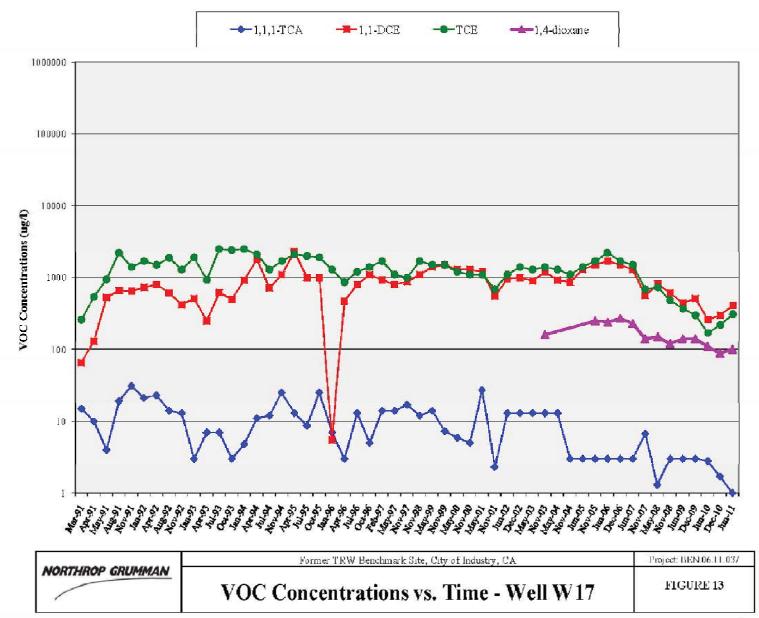


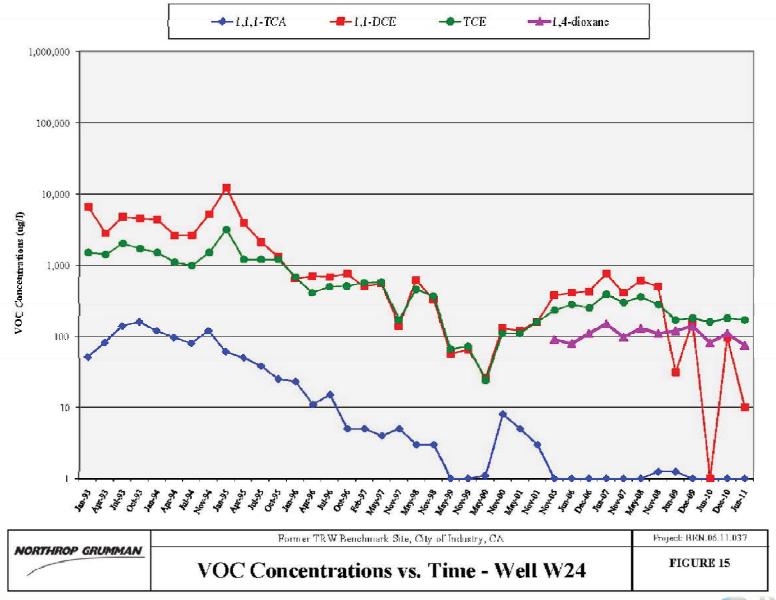


SZ CVOCs









Remedial Design Investigation (RDI)

Problem Statement

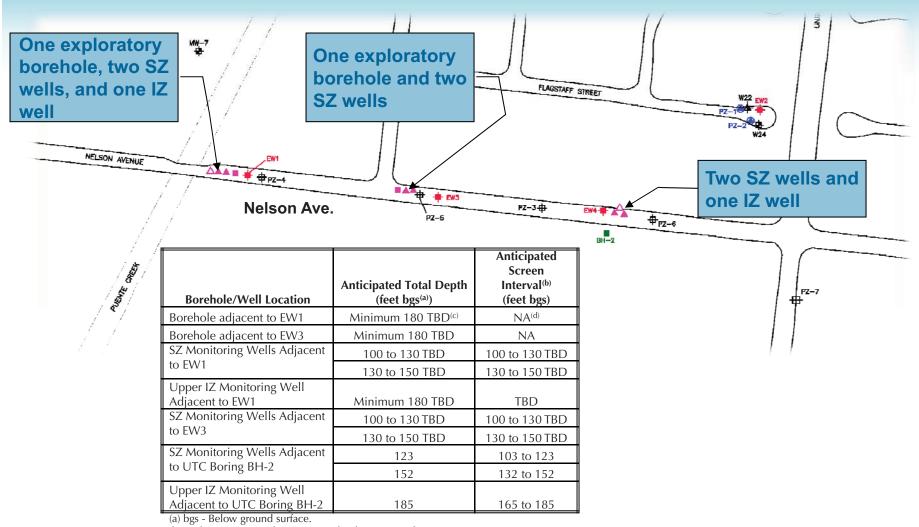
Previous releases have resulted in the presence of VOC contamination in groundwater in the PVOU. There is concern that some of the VOC contamination exceeding 10X MCLs may be migrating in the SZ-South at depths greater than the screened intervals of extraction wells installed at Nelson Avenue (from the QAPP appended to the RDI Work Plan).

Principle study question

The data will be used to (1) evaluate whether VOCs originating from the Benchmark site are migrating in the PVOU SZ at depths below the screened intervals of the Nelson Avenue extraction wells at concentrations exceeding 10X the MCLs and, if so, (2) design and implement an extraction well network capable of providing hydraulic containment of this deeper impacted groundwater (from the QAPP appended to the RDI Work Plan).



RDI Borehole and Well Locations

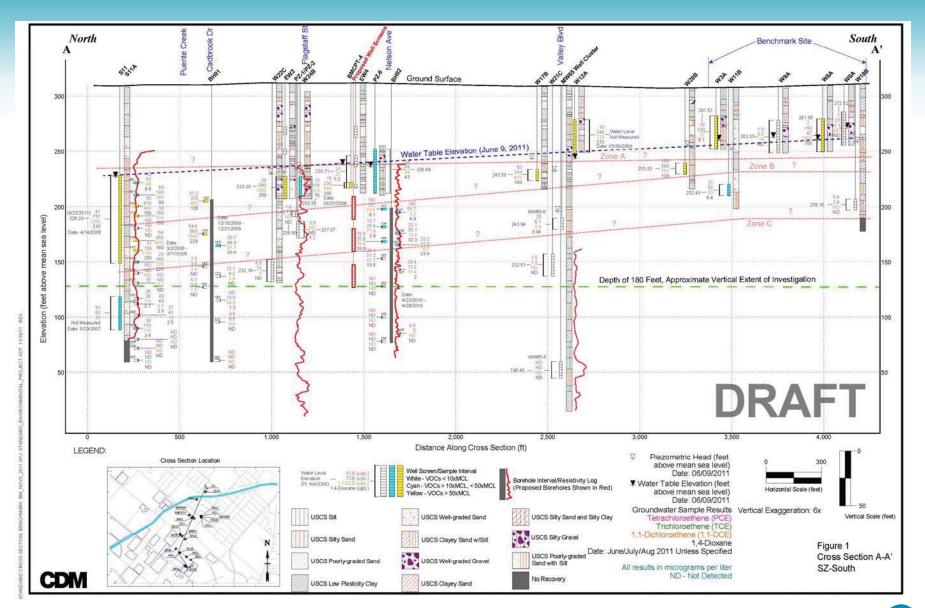


⁽b) Each screen interval is anticipated to be 10 to 20 feet.

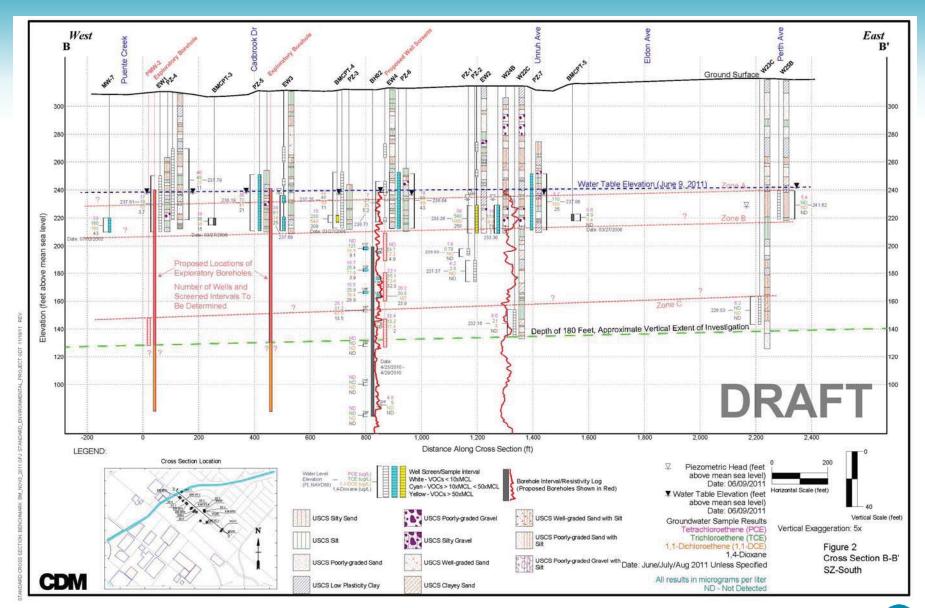


⁽c) TBD - To be determined

⁽d) NA - Not applicable









END

